§ 74.102

Lead (as Pb), not more than 10 parts per million.

Total color, not less than 85.0 percent.

- (c) Uses and restrictions. FD&C Blue No. 1 may be safely used for coloring foods (including dietary supplements) generally in amounts consistent with good manufacturing practice except that it may not be used to color foods for which standards of identity have been promulgated under section 401 of the act unless added color is authorized by such standards.
- (d) Labeling. The label of the color additive and any mixtures prepared therefrom intended solely or in part for coloring purposes shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.
- (e) Certification. All batches of FD&C Blue No. 1 shall be certified in accordance with regulations in part 80 of this chapter.

[42 FR 15654, Mar. 22, 1977, as amended at 58 FR 17511, Apr. 5, 1993]

§74.102 FD&C Blue No. 2.

- (a) Identity. (1) The color additive FD&C Blue No. 2 is principally the disodium salt of 2-(1,3-dihydro-3-oxo-5sulfo-2*H*-indol-2-ylidene)-2,3-dihydro-3oxo-1H-indole-5-sulfonic acid (CAS Reg. No. 860-22-0) with smaller amounts of the disodium salt of 2-(1,3-dihydro-3oxo-7-sulfo-2*H*-indol-2-ylidene)-2,3dihydro-3-oxo-1H-indole-5-sulfonic acid (CAS Reg. No. 54947-75-0) and the sodium salt of 2-(1,3-dihydro-3-oxo-2Hindol-2-ylidene)-2,3-dihydro-3-oxo-1Hindole-5-sulfonic acid (CAS Reg. No. 605-18-5). Additionally, FD&C Blue No. 2 is obtained by heating indigo (or indigo paste) in the presence of sulfuric acid. The color additive is isolated and subjected to purification procedures. The indigo (or indigo paste) used above is manufactured by the fusion of Nphenylglycine (prepared from aniline and formaldehyde) in a molten mixture of sodamide and sodium and potassium hydroxides under ammonia pressure. The indigo is isolated and subjected to purification procedures prior sulfonation.
- (2) Color additive mixtures for food use (including dietary supplements) made with FD&C Blue No. 2 may contain only those diluents that are suitable and that are listed in part 73 of

this chapter as safe for use in color additive mixtures for coloring foods.

- (b) Specifications. The color additive FD&C Blue No. 2 shall conform to the following specifications and shall be free from impurities other than those named to the extent that such other impurities may be avoided by current good manufacturing practice:
- Sum of volatile matter at 135 °C (275 °F) and chlorides and sulfates (calculated as sodium salts), not more than 15 percent.
- Water insoluble matter, not more than 0.4 percent.
- Isatin-5-sulfonic acid, not more than 0.4 percent.
- 5-Sulfoanthranilic acid, not more than 0.2 percent.
- Disodium salt of 2-(1,3-dihydro-3-oxo-7-sulfo-2*H*-indol-2-ylidene)-2,3-dihydro-3-oxo-1*H*-indole-5-sulfonic acid, not more than 18 percent.
- Sodium salt of 2-(1,3-dihydro-3-oxo-2*H*-indol-2-ylidene)-2,3-dihydro-3-oxo-1*H*-indole-5-sulfonic acid, not more than 2 percent.
- Lead (as Pb), not more than 10 parts per million.
- Arsenic (as As), not more than 3 parts per million.
- Mercury (as Hg), not more than 1 part per million.

Total color, not less than 85 percent.

- (c) Uses and restrictions. The color additive FD&C Blue No. 2 may be safely used for coloring foods (including dietary supplements) generally in amounts consistent with current good manufacturing practice except that it may not be used to color foods for which standards of identity have been promulgated under section 401 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act unless added color is authorized by such standards.
- (d) Labeling. The label of the color additive and any mixtures prepared therefrom intended solely or in part for coloring purposes shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.
- (e) Certification. All batches of FD&C Blue No. 2 shall be certified in accordance with regulations in part 80 of this chapter.

[48 FR 5260, Feb. 4, 1983]

§74.203 FD&C Green No. 3.

(a) *Identity.* (1) The color additive FD&C Green No. 3 is principally the inner salt disodium salt of N-ethyl-N-[4-[4-[ethyl](3-

sulfophenyl)methyl]amino]phenyl](4hydroxy-2-sulfophenyl)methylenel-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-3-

sulfobenzenemethanaminium ide (CAS Reg. No. 2353-45-9); with smaller amounts of the isomeric inner salt disodium salt of N-ethyl-N-[4-[[4-[ethyl[(3-sulfophenyl)methyl]

amino]phenyl](4-hydroxy-2-

sulfophenyl)methylenel-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-4-

sulfobenzenemethanaminium of N-ethyl-N-[4-[[4-[ethyl](4sulfophenyl)methyl]amino]phenyl](4hydroxy-2-sulfophenyl)methylene]-2,5-

cyclohexadien-1-ylidenel-4-

sulfobenzenemethanaminium hvdroxide and of N-ethyl-N-[4-[4-[ethyl](2sulfophenyl)methyl]amino]phenyl](4hydroxy-2-sulfophenyl)methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-3-

sulfobenzenemethanaminium ide. Additionally, FD&C Green No. 3 is manufactured by the acid catalyzed condensation of one molecule of 2formyl-5-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid with two molecules from a mixture principally consisting of

[(ethylphenylamino)methyl] benzensulfonic acid, and smaller amounts of

[(ethylphenylamino)methyl]

benzenesulfonic acid [(ethylphenylamino)methyl]

benzenesulfonic acid to form the leuco base. The leuco base is then oxidized with lead dioxide and acid or with dichromate and acid to form the dye. The intermediate 2-formyl-5hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid is prepared by the potassium permanganate oxidation of 2,2'-(1,2-ethenediyl)-bis(5aminobenzenesulfonic acid) to sodium 5-amino-2-formylbenzenesulfonate.

This amine is diazotized and the resulting diazonium salt is hydrolyzed to the desired 2-formyl-5-

hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid.

(2) Color additive mixtures for food use (including dietary supplements) made with FD&C Green No. 3 may contain only those diluents that are suitable and that are listed in part 73 of this chapter as safe for use in color additive mixtures for coloring food.

(b) Specifications. The color additive FD&C Green No. 3 shall conform to the following specifications and shall be free from impurities other than those named to the extent that such other impurities may be avoided by current good manufacturing practice:

Sum of volatile matter at 135 °C (275 °F) and chlorides and sulfates (calculated as sodium salts), not more than 15 percent.

Water-insoluble matter, not more than 0.2 percent.

Leuco base, not more than 5 percent.

Sum of 2-,3-,4-formylbenzenesulfonic acids, sodium salts, not more than 0.5 percent.

4-[[ethyl(4-Sum of 3and sulfophenyl)amino|methyl| benzenesulfonic acid, disodium salts, not more than 0.3 percent.

2-Formyl-5-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt, not more than 0.5 percent.

Subsidiary colors, not more than 6 percent. Chromium (as Cr), not more than 50 parts per million.

Arsenic (as As), not more than 3 parts per

Lead (as Pb), not more than 10 parts per mil-

Mercury (as Hg), not more than 1 part per

Total color, not less than 85 percent.

(c) Uses and restrictions. The color additive FD&C Green No. 3 may be safely used for coloring foods (including diegenerally supplements) amounts consistent with current good manufacturing practice except that it may not be used to color foods for which standards of identity have been promulgated under section 401 of the act unless added color is authorized by such standards.

(d) Labeling. The label of the color additive and any mixtures prepared therefrom intended solely or in part for coloring purposes shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.

(e) Certification. All batches of FD&C Green No. 3 shall be certified in accordance with regulations in part 80 of this chapter.

[47 FR 52143, Nov. 19, 1982; 47 FR 56489, Dec. 17, 1982]

§74.250 Orange B.

(a) Identity. (1) The color additive Orange B is principally the disodium salt of 1-(4-sulfophenyl)-3-ethylcarboxy-4-(4sulfonaphthylazo)-5-hydro-xypyrazole.

(2) The diluents in color additive mixtures for food use containing Orange B are limited to those listed in part 73 of this chapter as safe and suitable in color additive mixtures for coloring foods.